# Fiscal Oversight Responsibilities of the Governing Board Sarah Driscoll, Auditor 1 Division of Local Government and School Accountability NYS COMPTROLLER THOMAS P. DINAPOLI

# What Does Fiscal Accountability Mean to a Governing Board?

• Being responsible for the general management and control of municipal finances.



# **Governing Board Responsibilities**

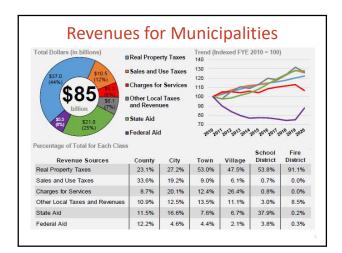
- Set the tone "fiscal fitness."
- Review major policies.
- Adopt the budget and monitor the budget.
- Use monthly reports to make modifications as necessary.
- · Ensure the audit of claims.
- Annually audit any departments collecting cash.

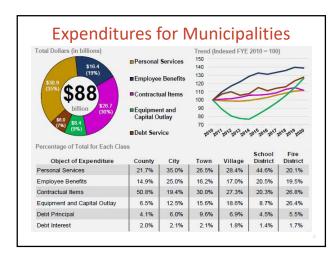


#### **Know Your Fiscal Profile**

- Where does money come from?
- Where does it go?
- How fast are revenues and expenditures growing?
- In which categories?
- What are the trends?







#### **Good Fiscal Practices**

- Open budget process
- Balance your risks with reserves
- Regular budget monitoring
- Multiyear financial planning
- Capital planning



# **Review Major Policies and Contracts**

- Procurement (purchasing)
- Ethics
- Investments
- Workplace Violence Prevention
- Sexual Harassment Prevention
- Breach Notification
- Inventory/capital assets
- Personnel/union contracts



# Adopting the Budget

- Know your budget calendar deadlines.
- Identify the step-by-step procedures.
- Follow all statutory requirements.
  - Initial budget requests
  - Public hearings
  - Adoption of budgets



# Monitoring the Budget

The Board needs to ensure that controls are in place by using:

- Budgetary reports;
- · An encumbrance system; and
- A purchase order system or alternative method.



#### **Monthly Reports**

The Governing Board should review:

- A detailed statement of all money received and disbursed;
- Budget to actual reports; and
- Any other reports deemed necessary.



# **Budgetary Reports**

Will assist the Board with:

- Controlling expenditures
- Monitoring progress
- Identifying variances
- Correcting identified problems



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# **Budgetary Reports**

#### Budgetary reports should be:

- Completed for all major operating funds;
- Prepared monthly;
- Distributed to all department heads; and
- Reviewed with department heads



#### Town of XYZ – General Fund Budget vs. Actual Report for 6 Months Ended June 30

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
	Actual	Budget	Actual to	Current	Projected	Projected
	Last Yr	12 Months	date	Variances	For Year	Variance
Revenues	12		6 Months	D-C		F-C
	Months					
Property						
Taxes	\$750	\$900	\$900	\$0	\$900	\$0
Sales Tax	\$250	\$300	\$125	\$175	\$305	+\$5
Total	\$1,000	\$1,200	\$1,025	\$175	\$1,205	+\$5
Expenditures						
General Gov.	\$400	\$500	\$350	\$150	\$505	+\$5
Public Safety	\$600	\$700	\$375	\$325	\$700	\$0
Total	\$1,000	\$1,200	\$725	\$475	\$1,205	+\$5

#### **Cash Flow Statements**

- Can assist the Governing Board with identifying potential cash problems and cash available for investing; and
- The Board needs to ensure that available funds are invested in accordance with the investment policy and applicable laws.



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# Cash Flows – Major Revenue Sources

- Real Property Taxes, Sales Tax and Mortgage Recording Taxes
- General Purpose State Aid (AIM), CHIPS reimbursements (highway aid) and other State and Federal Aid programs for Education, Social Services, Health Services and Transportation
- Charges for services and user fees
- Intergovernmental charges



Est. Receipts	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Total
Property Taxes	\$750	\$150					\$900
Sales Tax			\$50			\$125	\$175
Total	\$750	\$150	\$50	\$0	\$0	\$125	\$1,075
Est. Disbursemen							
Payrolls	\$70	\$70	\$50	\$40	\$30	\$50	\$310
Benefits	\$28	\$56	\$20	\$16	\$12	\$20	\$152
Total	\$98	\$126	\$70	\$56	\$42	\$70	\$462
Cash Balance Changes	+\$652	+\$24	-\$20	-\$56	-\$42	+\$55	
Est. Closing Cash Balance	\$664	\$688	\$668	\$612	\$570	\$625	
Beg. Cash Balance 1/01/21	\$12						

## **Special Reports**

- Capital construction
- · Personnel/staffing
- · Accounts receivables
- Other reports



# **Using Reports Effectively**

 If the Governing Board is reviewing reports monthly, they may need to modify the budget during the year.



# Modifying the Budget

#### Don't Forget:

 It is the governing board's responsibility to make budget modifications by BOARD RESOLUTION.



## **Auditing the Claims**

#### Why audit claims?

- Legal requirements
  - County Law Section 369
  - City Charter
  - Town Law Sections 119, 176(4-a)
  - Village Law Section 5-524
  - Education Law Sections 1724, 2524



# **Auditing the Claims**

#### Why audit claims?

- To ensure that:
  - Claims are for valid and legal purposes;
  - Claims are incurred by authorized officials;
  - Goods are received/services are rendered;
  - Appropriations are available; and
  - Proper documentation exists.



# Annually Auditing Departments Collecting Cash

#### Why do an annual audit?

- Legal requirements
  - County Law Section 210
  - Town Law Sections 123, 177
  - Unified Justice Court Act, Section 2019-a
  - Village Law Section 4-408(e)
  - City Charter



# Annually Auditing Departments Collecting Cash

#### **External Audit Requirements**

- School Districts
  - Education Law Section 2116-a(3)(a) and 8NYCRR Sections 170.12(e)(1), 170.3(a) require that all school districts, except those employing fewer than eight teachers, obtain an annual independent audit by an outside CPA or PA.
- Fire Districts
  - Town Law Section 181-b requires an annual audit by an independent CPA or an independent PA if the district has revenues of \$400,000 or more.



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# Annually Auditing Departments Collecting Cash

Why do an annual audit?

- Provides oversight
- Ensures proper handling of public money
- Identifies improvement opportunities
- Provides forum to express concerns



#### **Records Needed for Audit**

- Review annual financial reporting.
  - Annual Update Document (AUD)
  - ST-3
- Review documentation of amounts reported.
- Trace bank reconciliation(s) to cash amounts reported in financial reports.
- Ensure that records are up-to-date.



# **Audit Objectives**

- Records are complete and up-to-date
- Transactions are properly recorded
- Reports are timely and accurate
- Financial results are known
- · Accountability is increased



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## How to Begin

- · Understand operations.
- Learn what records are maintained.
- Learn what reports are produced.
- Use the OSC Checklists.



#### What Will You Need?

- Bank account reconciliations
- Receipts and disbursements
- Records
- Reports
- Other



#### **Audit Concerns**

- Discuss them with the officer/department head whose claims/records are being audited.
- If concerns still exist, contact OSC:
  - Regional Office
  - localgov@osc.ny.gov
- OSC Fraud Hotline
  - 1-888-672-4555 weekdays, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
  - investigations@osc.ny.gov



