## Office of Operations' 2023 Virtual Fall Conference

## An Introduction to Financial Reporting for NYS

Jon Golden
Stephen Raptoulis
Sandi Trzcinski
CJ Vettovalli



New York State Comptroller THOMAS P. DINAPOLI

### **Overview**

- Bureau Responsibilities
- Cash Reporting Monthly and Annual
- Other Cash Reporting Duties
- Sole Custody Reporting
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- GAAP Reporting
- Fund Accounting
- Obligation Date
- Agency Financial Reporting Package (AFRP)
- GASB Statements
- Guide to Financial Operations (GFO)

## **Bureau Responsibilities**

- Cash Basis Monthly and Annual Report on State Funds
- Sole Custody Reporting
- Interim GAAP Financial Statements
- Chapter 551 Functional Reporting
- Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)
- Financial Condition Report (FCR)
- Five Year Comparative Financial Statements
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)
- Oil Spill Fund Financial Statements
- Implementation of GASB Standards
- Reconcile SFS Ledgers and Submodules

## Cash Reporting Unit Responsibilities

- Monthly and Annual Reporting
- Other Cash Reporting Duties
- Sole Custody Reporting
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## Monthly and Annual Cash Report

- Comptroller's Monthly Report to the Legislature on State Funds on a Cash Basis of Accounting
  - Required by State Finance Law Article 2, Section 8(9-a) and 8(9-b)
  - Due on the 15<sup>th</sup> of the following month
- Comptroller's Annual Report to the Legislature on State Funds on a Cash Basis of Accounting
  - Required by State Finance Law Article 2, Section 8(9)
  - Includes Financial statements, footnotes and other supplemental information, and fund balances for all State and Sole Custody funds
  - Due on July 29
- Posted to <u>OSC website</u>

## **Analyze Enacted Budget Legislation**

- Review Article VII language to determine impact on cash basis of reporting related to:
  - Funds
  - Agencies/Business Units (BU)
  - Consolidated Laws (State Finance, Tax, Education, etc.)

## **Fund Classification Manual (FCM)**

- Prepare and Publish
  - Contains all Joint Custody Funds and Sole Custody Funds
  - Contains information on each fund included in the financial statements
  - Updated annually and posted to <u>OSC website</u> in January

### **Bank Reconciliations**

- New York State General Checking account
- Comptroller's Refund account
- Department of Labor accounts that are part of State funds

## System Verifications & Reconciliations

- Daily verification of SFS modules to the general ledger
- Daily reconciliation of all payments to ensure they flow through to the general ledger
- Other system reconciliations
  - Deal Management/Investments
  - E-Licensing



## **Sole Custody Reporting**

## **Annual Reporting Requirements**

- State Finance Law (SFL) §8(2) requires that the Comptroller "keep, audit and state all accounts in which the state is interested, and keep accurate and proper books, showing their conditions at all times."
- SFL §116 requires public officers/agencies to provide statements for accounts maintained on the State's behalf.
- Information is collected in an online system annually.
- Used to generate New York State's required financial statements on a cash basis and in accordance with GAAP.

## **Annual Reporting Key Dates**

January or earlier

 Application is available for agencies to review and update Sole Custody Report information.

January – February

• Email sent to agencies asking them to confirm contact information. New contacts receive user ID and password.

March

• Agencies should verify sole custody bank reconciliations are current and items are cleared. Confirm report information is accurate.

**April 1** 

• Official Sole Custody reporting start date.

April 30

• Submissions must be completed by this date.

May – June

A random selection of reports chosen for additional review –
if supporting documentation is not attached to report
submission, selected agencies are contacted to provide bank
statements, March 31 reconciliation, and outstanding check
listing.

## What are Sole Custody Funds?

- Bank Accounts
  - Checking, savings, money market, certificate of deposit (CD), concentration, controlled disbursement, lock box
- Investment Accounts
- Short Term Investment Pool (STIP)
  - Part of NYS General Checking Account
  - Earns higher interest rate
  - STIP funds begin with 7
  - Funds invested in STIP should equal balance in Statewide Financial System (SFS) as of March 31

## What is a Sole Custody Bank Account?

- Bank accounts held outside of the State Treasury in the sole custody of a State official.
- Maintained by agencies for revenue collection and other authorized sole custody purposes.

## **Use of Sole Custody Data Collected**

- Cash balances (bank, STIP, and investment) along with deposits and disbursements are reported annually in the:
  - Comptroller's Annual Report to the Legislature on State Funds Cash Basis of Accounting on Schedule C-4
  - Basic Financial Statements and Other Supplementary
     Information and the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
    - Statement of Net Position
    - Balance Sheet
- Purpose, Revenue Sources, Disbursements, and Statutory Reference are included in the <u>Fund Classification Manual</u> (reviewed and updated annually)

## Sole Custody Report Flow

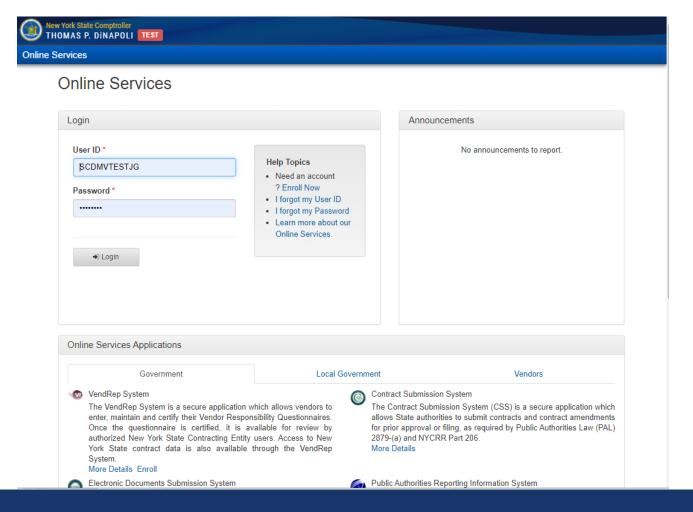


#### **Report Status Flow**

Not Started Started Ready for Review OSC Review



## Accessing Sole Custody Application Via Online Services Portal



## **Common Reporting Issues**

- Creating a new report when a report exists from the prior year
- Reporting all deposits and disbursements under "Other Deposits"
   these should be reported under the proper category
- Using Bank Balance Adjustment for reporting deposit in transit and/or outstanding checks
- Outstanding (uncleared) checks/deposits in transit listed as Book Adjustments – these are components of the bank reconciliation and are accounted for in the Calculation of Total Bank Balance
- Do not report Advance Accounts in the Sole Custody Application

## **Sole Custody Resources**

Sole Custody Resource Page

Fall Conference 2022 Presentation:

- Video
- PDF



# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

- Part of the Federal Single Audit
- New York State is required to prepare annually
- Division of Budget is the owner of the Single Audit contract
- Office of the State Comptroller (OSC) compiles the SEFA using information gathered from the Statewide Financial System (SFS), State agencies and select public benefit corporations
- Prepared on a cash basis of accounting for the State Fiscal Year ending on March 31

## Federal Law Requiring Preparation of the SEFA

2 CFR 200.510(b) Schedule of expenditures of Federal Awards. The auditee must also prepare a schedule of expenditures of Federal awards for the period covered by the auditee's financial statements which must include the total Federal awards expended as determined in accordance with §200.502.

## Agencies Excluded from the SEFA

- New York State and Local Retirement System
- State Lottery
- City University of New York
- Research Foundation of the State University of New York
- All Public Benefit Corporations except these five that are included:
  - Dormitory Authority of the State of New York
  - New York State Energy Research and Development Authority
  - Hugh C. Carey Battery Park City Authority
  - Housing Trust Fund Corporation
  - Higher Education Services Corporation

### What Is Included in the SEFA?

- Included in the SEFA total are:
  - Program spending on all approved federal grant awards
    - Summarized by their Assistance Listing Number (ALN), previously referred to as the Catalog of Federal Domestic Award (CFDA#)
    - Reported by total spending and subrecipient spending
    - Grouped by federal agency
    - Pre-awards are NOT included
  - Amounts passed through to subrecipients for each program
  - Pass-through amounts the State received from non-federal entities
  - Noncash assistance
  - Loans and loan guarantee programs

### **Time Frame**

- Preparation of the SEFA begins in January
  - OSC provides preliminary spending to auditors in January and March
- In April, agencies are sent packages listing their disbursements by ALN
  - Agencies review and verify total ALN and subrecipient spending in the package
    - Files to be returned to OSC towards end of May
- OSC reviews the files received back from agencies during June and July
- OSC compiles all federal spending for the State in August
- The SEFA is due to auditors by end of August
- The final audited SEFA is filed with the federal government no later than December 31

## Subrecipient vs. Contractor

#### Subrecipient

 NYS agency receives a federal award and then provides an award to a non-state entity who uses award money to help carry out the purpose of the federal award

#### Contractor

 State agency uses federal award money to purchase goods or services which are used by the State agency in carrying out purpose of ALN award

## Pass-through vs. Suballocation

#### Pass-through

- Non-federal entity receives money from the federal government
- State agencies receive money from a non-federal or non-state entity
- State agency is the subrecipient of a federal award
- Need to include the pass-through entities name and the passthrough entities identifying number
  - Usually, their EIN number

#### Suballocation

 When one State agency allocates a portion of their appropriation to another State agency to spend

### **Notes to the SEFA**

- OSC also prepares the accompanying Footnotes to the SEFA
- Included in the notes are:
  - Significant accounting policies
  - Year-end loan balances
  - Noncash awards

## **Federal Single Audit History**

 Prior Federal Single Audits are located on the <u>Federal</u> <u>Audit Clearinghouse</u> website.

# GAAP Reporting Unit Responsibilities

## What Is GAAP Financial Reporting?

- Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)
- State Finance Law Article 2 section 8(9)
  - Report to Legislature MUST be completed by July 29
  - Report reconciles receipts to revenue and disbursements to expenditures by department and major function
- Accounting Basis
  - Cash Basis Reporting (pre-1982)
  - Modified Accrual (Fund Accounting)
  - Full Accrual (GASBS 34)

### **Definitions**

- GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board
- GFOA Government Finance Officers Association
- AFRP Agency Financial Reporting Package
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

## **Fund Accounting**

### What Is a Fund?

A fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities

## Difference in Basis of Accounting

	Cash	Modified Accrual	Accrual
Definition	Recognizes increases and	Recognizes increases and	Recognizes increases and
	decreases in financial	decreases in financial resources	decreases in economic resources
	resources only to the extent	only to the extent they reflect near-	as soon as the underlying event
	that cash is received or	term inflows or outflows of cash.	or transaction occurs.
	payment is made.		
Receipts	Recognized when resources		
	are received.		
Revenues		Recognized when earned as long as	Recognized as soon as earned.
		they are collectible within the	
		period or soon enough afterwards	
		to be used to pay liabilities of the	
		current period (available).	
Disbursements	Recognized when payments		
	are made.		
Expenditures		Recognized when payment is due	
		or satisfied with expendable	
		available financial resources.	
Expenses			Recognized as soon as liability is
			incurred.



## Difference in Basis of Accounting

	Cash	Modified Accrual	Accrual
Taxes	Recorded by the State only when cash is either received or disbursed.	Recorded by the State when cash will either be received or disbursed within one year of the statement issue date. Example: April 15	The State records all revenues and refunds for taxes.
Bond Issuance	Other Financing Source at	Recorded by the State as an Other Financing Source at the time the bonds are issued.	The State records all General Obligation Debt outstanding as Bonds Payable.
Bond	Recorded by the State as	Recorded by the State as Debt	The State records principal
Repayment		Service expenditure at the time the payment is due.	payments as a reduction of Bonds Payable and interest payments as an expense.

# **Fund Categories**

### Governmental

- Generally does not match resources to uses
- Use current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting

### Proprietary

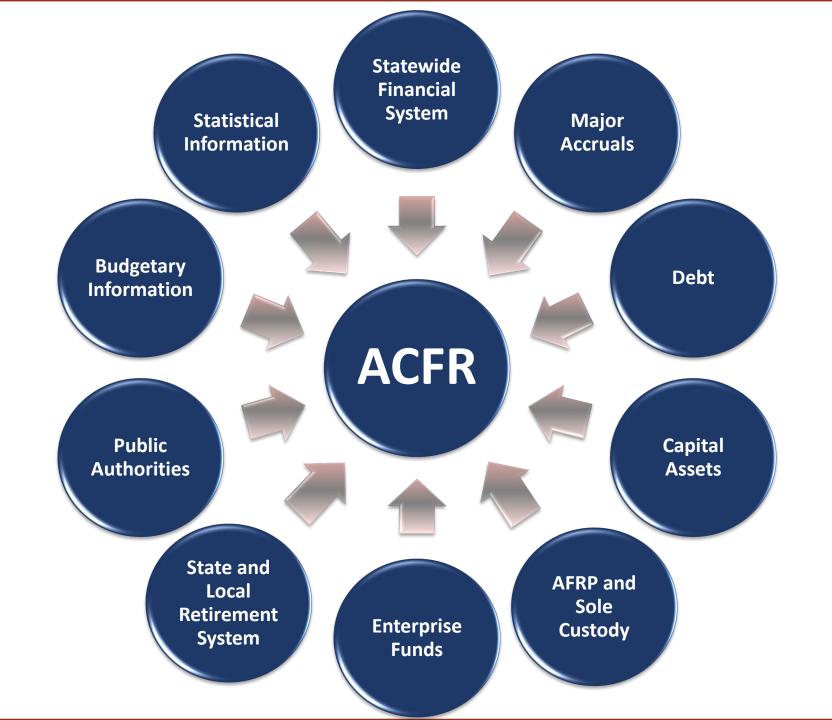
- Match revenues to expenses
- Use economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting

### Fiduciary

- Government holds assets as a trustee or agent
- Cannot be used to support programs
- Use economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting

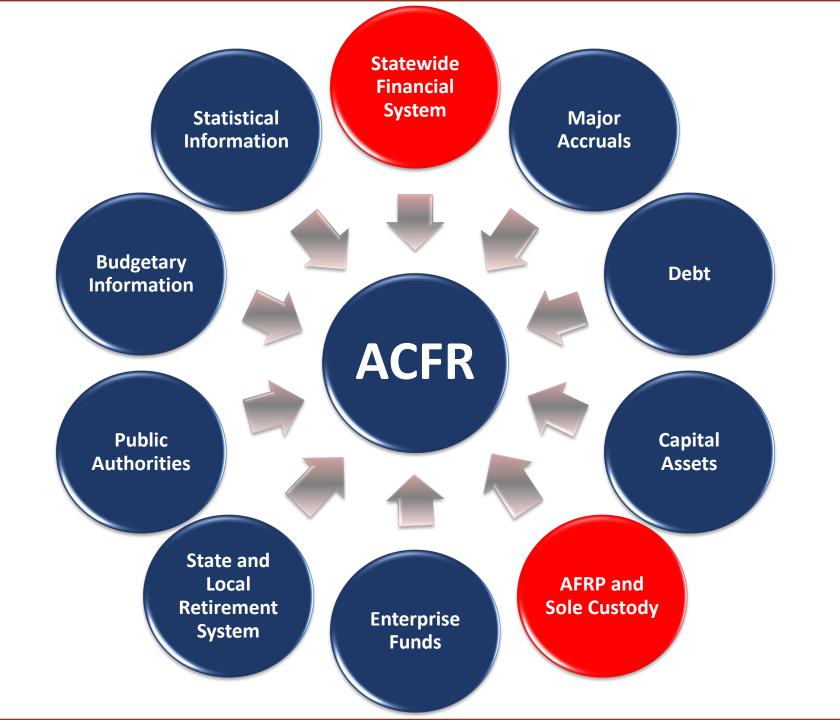
# Why Is Financial Reporting Important?

- Recognizes the true financial position and condition of the State, and reports the condition to the taxpayers
- GAAP financial statements present timely modified accrual and full accrual-based financial statements to the public, bond rating agencies, investment banks, etc.
- Enables comparability with other states and over a period of time





# Your daily work flows to the reports





"Hey, we're government accountants. These numbers aren't supposed to add up."

# Required dates for various transactions in SFS

### Budget Date

- Controls the budget period in which the transaction will be processed in the Commitment Control Ledger(s)
- Must be in an open budget period

### Accounting Date

- Date the transaction is entered (i.e. the current date) into the SFS
- Controls the accounting period and fiscal year in which the transaction is recorded in the Modified Accrual Ledger

### Obligation Date

- The primary date used for the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting and reporting
- The date goods were received or services were completed, and the State incurred a liability (accounts payable), or the date goods or services were provided by the State that resulted in a claim for collection from the State (accounts receivable)

### **Automated Accrual Process**

- The Automated Accrual process is designed to generate the desired accrual accounting entries for modified accrual reporting.
- Accrual journal entries will be generated as needed (quarterly). This entry
  will use the obligation date to identify accounting entries that should be
  reflected in the prior period.
- The Accrual journal entries will post the transaction to the prior period (March) and will reverse in the current period (April). This reversal will effectively negate the accounting in the current period.
- The cash disbursement will still be recorded in the current period (April).

# Voucher Example:

- An agency receives an invoice on April 15, 2023 from a consultant who performed services for the agency from January 1, 2023 – March 31, 2023. Payment is due on May 15, 2023.
  - Accounting Date = Date recorded in SFS (April)
  - Obligation Date = March 31, 2023
- The Accrual process journal entry will be recorded in FY 2022-23

Expenditure \$XXX

Accounts Payable \$XXX

The Accrual process journal entry will reverse in FY 2023-24

Accounts Payable \$XXX

Expenditure \$XXX

# **Obligation Date Examples:**

- Goods and Services
  - Date goods were received or services were performed (last day)
  - Payments made pursuant to a contract use date specified in the contract
- Prepayments (insurance, subscriptions, maintenance contracts, rent, etc.)
  - Date indicated on a payment schedule in a contract or agreement
  - If no payment schedule, the first day the service begins
    - Example: Rent = 1<sup>st</sup> of the month
- Grant Payments
  - If requirements date that the grantee fulfilled all requirements
  - If no requirements date determined by program legislation, or when DOB authorizes the payment

# Agency Financial Reporting Package

- Gathers information outside of the Statewide Financial System (SFS)
- Collects information from approximately 215 State agencies
- Used for annual and interim reporting
- Agency uses an online system

# Business Services Center (BSC) Communication to Agencies

- Services provided to client agencies <u>do not</u> extend to financial reporting. Agencies are still responsible for completing the AFRP.
- Agencies completing the AFRP should contact the BSC at least one week in advance of the date the information is needed for reporting to request, as applicable, in-process work that will impact reported information in the AFRP.
- Information includes:
  - Invoices received but not yet entered or approved by OSC.
  - Billings collected but not yet processed (not already in SFS).
- Agencies still need to consider internal work to ensure reporting is complete.

# Redevelopment Project

- Current system was implemented in 2006
- GASBS implemented since 2006 require additional information to be added to the reporting package:
  - Intangibles
  - Asset Retirement Obligations
- New database enables easier:
  - Enrollment
  - Reporting
- Login and screens will look similar to the sole custody database
- Rollout is anticipated for interim reporting, September 2024
- First year-end reporting March 2025

### What Is an Accounts Receivable?

- The amount you have the right to collect because you sold goods or services to a customer
- Refers to the outstanding invoices or money that is owed from customers
- It is the legal obligation for the customer to remit cash

### **Gross Accounts Receivable**

- Receivables exist when revenues are owed to the State, but cash is not received and recorded in SFS before March 31
- Classified as current and long-term receivables
- Approximately 30 agencies and \$698 million recorded for March 31, 2023
- Details reported in Note 4

### New York State Office of the State Comptroller

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<u>Logoff</u>

Main Menu (Selection of Agency)

AFRP Main Page

Compensated Leave Absences

Miscellaneous Accounts
Receivable

Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities

Patient/Client Revenues Receivable

Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities

External Reports

<u>Contingencies</u>

EDP and Telecommunications Equipment Lease Commitments

Landfill

### 2023 Agency Financial Reporting Package

Reporting for Agency: 01020 Division of Parole

Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable

### Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable Form

If your agency has nothing to report for this section, please return to the AFRP Main Page and click on the appropriate box in the table.

Miscellaneous accounts receivable are reported to OSC electronically by clicking on the link above. Receivables are claims against an individual, private or non-profit organization or commercial entity, generally arising from goods, services, revenue contracts, permits or licensing privileges or penalties imposed by State agencies.

Receivable items that need not be reported are as follows

- amounts due from the Federal government
- patient receivables
- amounts due from other State funds.
- taxes receivable

Please complete the electronic form listing all funds for which your agency collects receivables and submit by **April 21, 2023**. If you have any questions, please contact Deanne Webster at (838) 910-4535 or email at finrep@osc.ny.gov.

### Instructions

(Report amounts in thousands)

- Using the drop down menu, indicate the fund number to which receivables relate.
- Report the total current portion of accounts receivable (the amount expected to be collected by March 31, 2024).
- Report your estimate of the uncollectible portion relating to current receivables.\*
- Report the total long-term portion of accounts receivable (the amount expected to be collected after March 31, 2024).
- Report your estimate of the uncollectible portion relating to long-term receivables.
- Enter the required information for the person preparing the form. An (optional) additional contact may be provided if you would like us to contact someone other than the preparer regarding questions we may have.
- If you intend to make modifications to the form, you may click the "Save as Draft" button and return to the form for future revisions. Please keep in mind when the form is saved as a draft, it will NOT be submitted to OSC.
- To edit a form that has been saved as a draft, double-click on the form to open it, and then click the "Edit Draft" button.
- When you have completed the form, please click on the "Submit to OSC" button.
   Once you have submitted the document, changes cannot be made.

<sup>\*</sup>Please Note: An account would be deemed uncollectible if it has been outstanding in excess of one year and there has been <u>no</u> collection activity in the past year. Generally, uncollectible estimates are based on historical experience and represent a percentage of the accounts receivable balance (current and long-term) reported.

### **Gross Accounts Receivable**

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

		Maj	or Funds					
			ederal Special	eneral Debt	Other ernmental			
	 General	R	evenue	 Service	 Funds	Elin	inations	 Total
ASSETS:								
Cash and investments	\$ 55,075	\$	10,997	\$ 6,633	\$ 15,687	\$	-	\$ 88,392
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:								
Taxes	10,761		-	8,062	875		-	19,698
Leases	32		-	-	-		-	32
Due from Federal government	_		20,550	7	626		_	21,183
Other	2,658		1,042	-	2,868		-	6,568
Due from other funds	4,146		69	•	1,990		(4,740)	1,465
Other assets	748		169	-	1		-	918
Total assets	\$ 73,420	\$	32,827	\$ 14,702	\$ 22,047	\$	(4,740)	\$ 138,256



Primary Government

### **Gross Accounts Receivable**

### STATE OF NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

	Г	-i iiiiai y	Governmen	IL		
	ernmental ctivities		ness-Type ctivities		Total	mponent Units
ASSETS:	 					
Cash and investments	\$ 88,392	\$	10,994	\$	99,386	\$ 68,766
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles:						
Taxes	19,698		-		19,698	-
Leases	32		7		39	3,039
Due from Federal government	20,995		39		21,034	_
Loans and notes		_	-		-	31,287
Other	6,568	7	4,678		11,246	4,619
Internal balances	415	_	244		659	-
Net pension asset	3,254		665		3,919	178
Net other postemployment benefits asset	-		85		85	151
Other assets	918		268		1,186	3,808
Capital assets:						
Land, infrastructure and construction in progress	87,805		3,663		91,468	26,734
Buildings, equipment, land improvements						
and infrastructure, net of depreciation	6,436		14,903		21,339	91,125
Leases, net of amortization	2,229		911		3,140	3,006
Intangible assets, net of amortization	594		138		732	497
Derivative instruments	-		-		-	271
Total assets	237,336		36,595		273,931	233,481



# What Is an Accounts Payable?

- The amount owed because of a purchase of goods or services from a vendor
- You received the goods or services and have not paid the vendor
- Entity's obligation to pay off debt
- Entered into SFS by quarter end

What happens when the books close



### **Gross Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities**

- Outstanding liabilities are moneys owed by the State at year end, and not entered into SFS by April 30 with an obligation date of March 31 or earlier
- Classified as current and long-term liabilities
- Approximately 20 agencies and \$77 million for March 31, 2023
- Details on liabilities are reported in Note 8

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<u>Logoff</u>

Main Menu (Selection of Agency)

AFRP Main Page

Compensated Leave Absences

Miscellaneous Accounts
Receivable

Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities

Patient/Client Revenues Receivable

Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities

External Reports

Contingencies

EDP and Telecommunications Equipment Lease Commitments

<u>Landfill</u>

Pollution Remediation

### 2023 Agency Financial Reporting Package

Reporting for Agency: 01020 Division of Parole

Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities

### Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities Form

If your agency has nothing to report for this section, please return to the AFRP Main Page and click on the appropriate box in the table.

To ensure that Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities are properly reported, <u>all</u> material (significant) liabilities incurred as of <u>March 31, 2023</u> must be reported. Liabilities exist when goods and/or services are received prior to <u>April 1, 2023</u> and <u>HAVE NOT</u> been previously reported to OSC or are not expected to be posted <u>(vouchers entered or bulkloaded with an obligation date of March 31, 2023 or earlier)</u> into the Statewide Financial System by <u>April 30, 2023</u>.

An example of material (significant) liabilities may be goods which were received by your agency prior to April 1, 2023. The liability has been incurred but because there might have been some dispute that was not resolved by April 30, 2023, it was not entered into the Statewide Financial System by that date. Materiality is defined as aggregated liabilities greater than or equal to \$50,000.

Please complete the electronic form listing all funds with unreported liabilities which meet the previously stated thresholds by clicking on the link above and submit by **April 21, 2023**. If you have any questions, please contact Deanne Webster at (838) 910-4535 or email at finrep@osc.ny.gov.

### Instructions

(Report amounts in thousands)

- Enter the appropriate fund number from the drop down menu.
- Current liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid on or before March 31, 2024. Please enter amount in table.
- Long-term liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid <u>after March 31, 2024</u>.
   Please enter amount in table.
- The total amount includes both current liabilities and long-term liabilities (this is a calculated field).\*
- Enter the required information for the person preparing the form. An (optional)
  additional contact may be provided if you would like us to contact someone other
  than the preparer regarding questions we may have.
- If you intend to make modifications to the form, you may click the "Save as Draft" button and return to the form for future revisions. Please keep in mind when the form is saved as a draft, it will NOT be submitted to OSC.
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\*Please Note: Encumbrances should **not** be reported. Encumbrances are **not** liabilities but represent a budgetary tool for reserving a portion of your appropriation.

Please refer to separately issued instructions should your agency be required to report local assistance program-related liabilities.

## **Gross Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities**

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

		- 1	Major Funds						
			Federal Special		General Debt	_	Other Governmental		
	 General	_	Revenue	_	Service		Funds	 Eliminations	 Total
LIABILITIES:									
Tax refunds payable	\$ 11,352	\$	-	\$	6,250	\$	1,026	\$ -	\$ 18,628
Accounts payable	569		32		-		300	-	901
Accrued liabilities	7,316		9,169		14		266	-	16,765
Payable to local governments	3,564		10,762		800		304	-	15,430
Due to other funds	665		1,359		686		2,459	(4,740)	429
Pension contributions payable	1		-		-		-	-	1
Unearned revenues	6,070		11,185		-		4	-	17,259
Total liabilities	29,537		32,507		7,750		4,359	(4,740)	69,413



## **Gross Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities**

### STATE OF NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

	F	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
LIABILITIES:				
Tax refunds payable	18,628	-	18,628	-
Accounts payable	901	755	1,656	635
Accrued liabilities	19,539	2,254	21,793	21,810
Payable to local governments	15,430	-	15,430	-
Interest payable	112	232	344	-
Pension contributions payable	1	-	1	31
Unearned revenues	17,259	597	17,856	3,206
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,669	1,054	3,723	7,142
Due in more than one year:				
Tax refunds payable	1,780	_	1,780	-
Accrued liabilities	5,183	1,310	6,493	859
Payable to local governments	384	_	384	-
Due to Federal government	300	8,298	8,598	-



### **Local Assistance Liabilities**

- Local assistance liabilities exist when the required services have been provided or contractual requirements have been met
- Reported when the liability is not entered into SFS by April 30
- Details are reported in Note 8

# **Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities**

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### Logoff

Main Menu (Selection of Agency)

AFRP Main Page

Compensated Leave Absences

Miscellaneous Accounts
Receivable

Miscellaneous Accrued Liabilities

Patient/Client Revenues Receivable

Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities

External Reports

Contingencies

EDP and Telecommunications Equipment Lease Commitments

Landfill

Pollution Remediation Obligations

### 2023 Agency Financial Reporting Package

Reporting for Agency: 01020 Division of Parole

Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities

### Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities Form

If your agency has nothing to report for this section, please return to the AFRP Main Page and click on the appropriate box in the table.

OSC is requesting agency assistance in reporting liabilities for certain local assistance programs administered by your agency. To ensure that local assistance liabilities are properly accounted for in the March 31, 2023 financial statements, all material liabilities incurred as of March 31, 2023 that were not posted (vouchers entered or bulkloaded with an obligation date of March 31, 2023 or earlier) to the Statewide Financial System by April 30, 2023 must be reported.

Liabilities exist when the required services have been provided or contractual requirements have been met on behalf of your agency or the State by March 31, 2023. For example, you may be aware that certain services or State aid requirements were performed by March 31, 2023 but they WILL NOT be entered into the Statewide Financial System by April 30, 2023 because the required claims and supporting documentation will not be received in time. Materiality is generally defined as an individual liability greater than or equal to \$50,000, or a group of lesser liabilities which when added together total more than \$50,000.

The total amount includes current liabilities and long-term liabilities. Current liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid on or before March 31, 2024. Long-term liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid after March 31, 2024. Encumbrances should not be reported. Encumbrances are not liabilities but represent a budgetary tool for reserving a portion of your appropriation. To ensure that there is no double counting of these liabilities, this determination should be made after April 30, 2023.

Please complete the electronic form by clicking on the link above and submit by May 05, 2023. If you have any questions concerning this request, please contact Charonda Parker at (838) 910-5418 or email at finrep@osc.ny.gov.

# **Local Assistance Accrued Liabilities**

### Instructions

(Report amounts in thousands)

In the electronic form,

- Pick the fund number from the drop down menu that the local assistance accrued liabilities are associated with.
- Enter the current portion of accrued liabilities. Current liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid on or before March 31, 2024.
- Enter the long-term portion of accrued liabilities. Long-term liabilities are those liabilities expected to be paid <u>after March 31</u>, 2024.\*
- Enter the required information for the person preparing the form. An (optional) additional contact may be provided if you would like us to contact someone other than the preparer regarding questions we may have.
- If you intend to make modifications to the form, you may click the "Save as Draft" button and return to the form for future revisions. Please keep in mind when the form is saved as a draft, it will NOT be submitted to OSC.
- To edit a form that has been saved as a draft, double-click on the form to open it, and then click the "Edit Draft" button.
- When you have completed the form, please click on the "Submit to OSC" button.
   Once you have submitted the document, changes cannot be made.

<sup>\*</sup>Please Note: Encumbrances should not be reported. Encumbrances are **not** liabilities but represent a budgetary tool for reserving a portion of your appropriation.

# **Local Assistance Liabilities**

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

		ı	Major Funds				
			Federal Special	General Debt	Other Governmental		
	General		Revenue	 Service	 Funds	 Eliminations	 Total
LIABILITIES:							
Tax refunds payable	\$ 11,352	\$	-	\$ 6,250	\$ 1,026	\$ -	\$ 18,628
Accounts payable	569		32	-	300	-	901
Accrued liabilities	7,316		9,169	1/1	266		16,765
Payable to local governments	3,564		10,762	800	304	-	15,430
Due to other funds	665		1,359	686	2,459	(4,740)	429
Pension contributions payable	1		-	-	-	-	1
Unearned revenues	6,070		11,185	-	 4	-	17,259
Total liabilities	29,537		32,507	7,750	4,359	(4,740)	69,413

### **Local Assistance Liabilities**

### STATE OF NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

March 31, 2023 (Amounts in millions)

	F	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Office	
LIABILITIES:					
Tax refunds payable	18,628	-	18,628	-	
Accounts payable	901	755	1,656	635	
Accrued liabilities	19.539	2.254	21.793	21.810	
Payable to local governments	15,430	-	15,430	-	
interest payable	112	232	344	-	
Pension contributions payable	1	-	3 <del>44</del> 1	31	
	17,259	- 597	1 17,856	31 3,206	
Pension contributions payable	1	-	1		
Pension contributions payable	1	-	1		
Pension contributions payable	1 17,259	597	1 17,856	3,206	
Pension contributions payable	1 17,259	597	1 17,856	3,206	
Pension contributions payable	1 17,259 2,669	597	1 17,856 3,723	3,206	
Pension contributions payable Unearned revenues Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year: Tax refunds payable	1 17,259 2,669 1,780	597 1,054	1 17,856 3,723 1,780	3,206 7,142	



# Other Agency Financial Reporting Package Areas

- Compensated Absences
- Patient/Client Revenue Receivables
- External Reports
- Contingencies Questionnaire
- Landfill Survey
- Pollution Remediation Obligations

# Compensated Absences

- Reports the liability owed by the State for employees' accumulated annual leave
- Sample of 4,000 used to record an approximate \$1.1 billion for March 31, 2023
- Reported in accrued liabilities on the Statement of Net Position
- Details reported in Note 1I

# Contingencies

- Represents a condition, situation or circumstance involving a possible loss
- Examples include audit disallowance, adverse litigation, claims or assessments
- Information is compared to open cases with the Attorney General's Office
- Details reported in Note 10 or 11

# **GASB Statements**

# **Current GASB Statements**

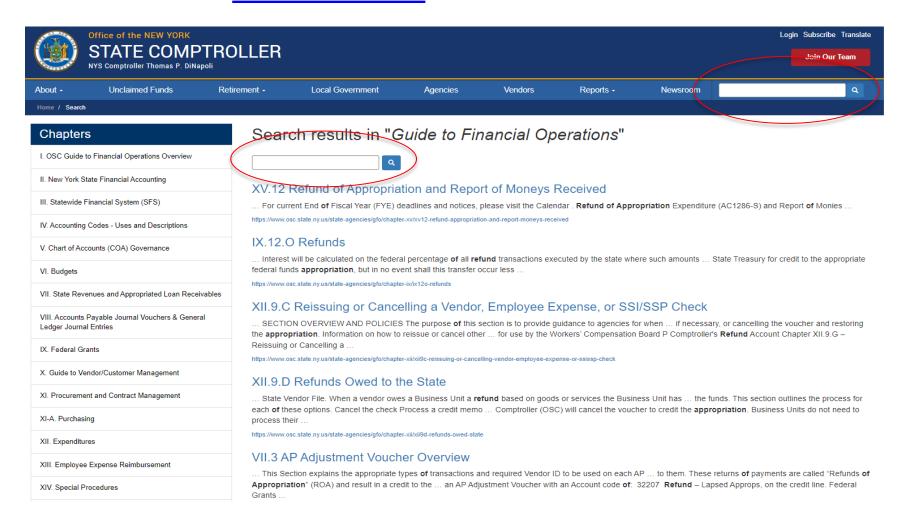
### In 2024

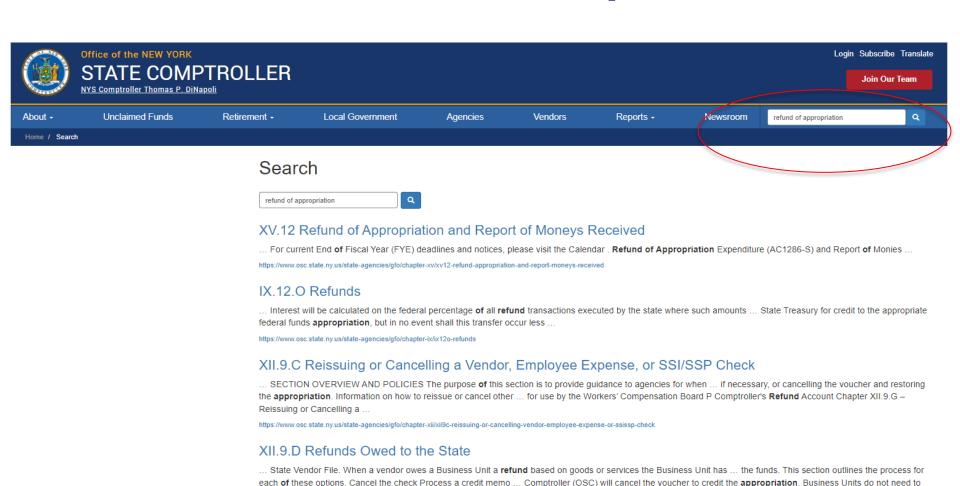
- GASBS 94 Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements
- GASBS 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans

### In 2025

- GASBS 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections
- GASBS 101 Compensated Absences

### Located on the OSC Website





Operational Advisory No. 18

process their ...

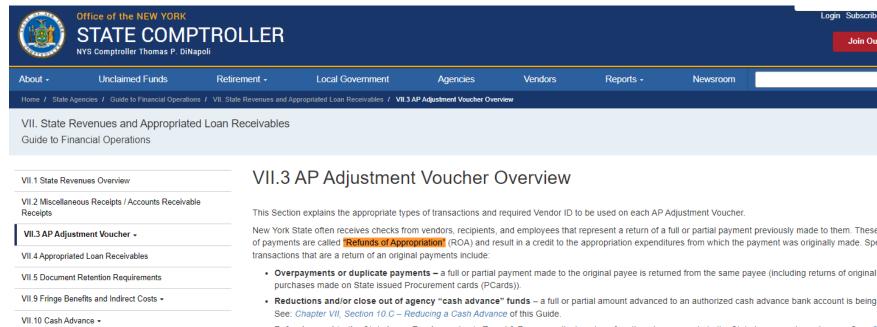
... Subject: Two Refund of Appropriation Vendor IDs to be Inactivated ...

https://www.osc.state.ny.us/state-agencies/gfo/chapter-xii/xii9d-refunds-owed-state

# Located on the OSC Website

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Search Guide to Financial Operations



New York State often receives checks from vendors, recipients, and employees that represent a return of a full or partial payment previously made to them. These returns of payments are called "Refunds of Appropriation" (ROA) and result in a credit to the appropriation expenditures from which the payment was originally made. Specific

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- Reductions and/or close out of agency "cash advance" funds a full or partial amount advanced to an authorized cash advance bank account is being returned
- Refunds owed to the State by an Employee due to Travel & Expense adjustments or for other charges made to the State by an employee in error. See: Chapter XIII, Section 10 - Refunds Owed to the State by an Employee of this Guide.
- Women and Infant Children (WIC) Rebates due to the Federal regulations regarding the State administration of the WIC federal grant program.
- Fraudulently cashed checks the original payment was not cashed by the intended recipient and a new payment must be reissued. See: Chapter XII.9.C Reissuing or Cancelling a Vendor, Employee Expense, or SSI/SSP Check of this Guide.
- . Misapplied payments made from the General Checking Account as notified by DTF Treasury. Occasionally a check that is deposited by the payee will be misapplied at the depositing bank. The check will show as cashed at the bank and in SFS even though the intended payee did not receive the credit. The depositing bank will recoup the funds from where it was misapplied. DTF - Treasury will notify the agency that an AP Adjustment Voucher must be completed so a new payment can be issued.

An AP Adjustment Voucher is used by agencies to submit a ROA. Generally, an agency receives notice of, or executes an electronic or check deposit to the General Checking Account. Once an agency determines that an AP Adjustment Voucher should be submitted in SFS, any checks should be sent to the Department of Taxation and Finance - Treasury (DTF - Treasury) for deposit, see: Section 3.B - AP Adjustment Voucher Treasury Requirements of this Chapter. Any arrangements to have large dollar electronic or check deposits made to the General Checking Account must be communicated timely to the Bureau of State Accounting Operations - Cash Management Unit by amail to cachmanagement@acc by gov. See Chapter VII.1. State Devenues Overview for complete guidance

# Helpful Sections

### **Accounts Receivable:**

XVI. Financial Reporting > 4. Accounting Policies and Principles Applicable to Agencies
 D. Receivables Other Than Income Taxes and Federal Grants

### **Accounts Payable:**

VIII. Acounts Payable Journal Vouchers & General Ledger Journal Entries > 1. Accounts
Payable Journal Vouchers & General Ledger Journal Entries > A. Accounts Payable
Journal Vouchers

### **Obligation Date:**

XIV. Special Procedures > 2. Obligation, Accounting and Budget Dates

### **Sole Custody:**

- XIV. Special Procedures > 4. Agency Bank Accounts > C. Bank Account Reporting and Reconciliations
- XIV. Special Procedures > 1. Outstanding Check Outreach and Escheatment

# **Contact Us**

If you have additional questions, contact the Bureau of Financial Reporting and Oil Spill Remediation at <a href="mailto:finrep@osc.ny.gov">finrep@osc.ny.gov</a>.